

## OVERVIEW

Bycatch happens when fish or other marine species are caught by accident while trying to catch another type of fish bycatch species are caught by mistake. They are different from the target species (the animal the gear is intended to catch) because they are not sold or used. Habitat damage occurs when the method of fishing negatively impacts the habitat of the target species.

These activities explore the environmental impacts of fishing including bycatch, when fish or other marine species are caught by accident while trying to catch another type of fish Bycatch species are caught by mistake. For more information see slides **Environmental Impact** slide set.

## LEARNING OBJECTIVES

- Understand that fishing can impact habitat and non target species (and understand that these impacts must be minimised for fish to receive the MSC Blue Fish Tick)
- Investigate how one or more fishing methods impact on marine habitats and non target species
- Identify how fishing methods can be modified or new methods created to reduce bycatch and impacts on habitats
- Use scientific and fishery related vocabulary

# FOCUS QUESTIONS

- How can fishing impact habitat and non-target species (do these impacts need to be minimised to receive a MSC Blue Fish Tick?)?
- What impact do different fishing methods have on marine habitats and non-target species?

### LOCATION Indoors & Outdoors

**DURATION** 50 mins + field trip

Level 3 – 5+

### CURRICULUM

Science; Technology; Engineering; Maths; Social Science; Geography; Pūtaiao; Tikanga-ā-iwi; Hauora

### Key competencies:

Thinking; Managing Self; Relating to others

### NEXT STEPS

 Tāiko (black petrel) as bycatch

### PRIOR LEARNING

- Overfishing
- Sustainable fishing





### MATERIALS

- Environmental Impact slide set
- Teacher Outline [this]
- Something to write with
- Internet access [for film clips]
- Bycatch in a bucket materials see Bycatch in a Bucket
- Bycatch field trip see Bycatch field trip

### PROCEDURE

- 1. EXPLORE effects of fishing on the marine environment (habitat & endangered species) [slides 27 29]
- 2. WATCH the short film about marine habitat and species protection [2:11] [slide 27]
- 3. WATCH the short film about <u>bycatch</u> [1:00] [slide 30]
- 4. INVESTIGATE the relationship between bycatch and different fishing methods and complete the Bycatch in a Bucket and/or Bycatch Field trip activities [slide 30]
- 5. CREATE your own Bycatch game using <u>Scratch</u> [slide 30]

### KEY WORDS

Bycatch Fishing method Target species Habitat Non-target species

## CURRICULUM LINKS

### Nature of Science (Level 3-5)

- Investigating in science
- Communicating in Science





• Participating and Contributing

#### Living World (Level 3-5)

• Ecology

#### Science (Level 6)

- Ecology
- Participating and Contributing

#### Social Studies (Level 3-5)

- Understand how people make decisions about access to and use of resources (Level 3)
- Understand how people's management of resources impacts on environmental and social sustainability (Level 5)

#### Geography (Level 6, 7, 8)

Relevant achievement standards related to:

- Geographic research
- Geographic issue of a global scale
- New Zealand contemporary issue
- Geographic concept: Sustainability

#### **Technology**

• Nature of technology

#### Maths (Level 3-5)

• Statistics

#### <u> Pūtaiao</u>

• The Natural World: The Biological Environment: Investigate the effect of human actions, and natural processes, on an Aotearoa ecosystem (Level 6)



